**Safer Future Communities** 

Big Lottery Fulfilling Lives Programme





# Big Lottery: Fulfilling lives programme

- > 14 areas in England invited to bid
- > £100m nationally over 4 -8 years
- Targeting individuals aged 18+ with complex needs
- ➤ Partnership: voluntary and statutory sector, clients and private sector
- > Building on an evidence base of what works for individuals
- Bring about system change at a local and national level
- ➤ If funded project goes live in January 2014



### Fulfilling Lives programme - Our Vision 2022

- ➤ 500-600 people previously in crisis or denied services will be leading interdependent, connected and fulfilled lives
- ➤ 300 peer support workers will co produce the project leaving a sustainable model the value of the their contribution to system change fully costed
- ➤ Proven model for effective collaboration across statutory and voluntary sector, that has integrated clients into co-produced service delivery systems
- Evidenced economic argument for investment in prevention will be influencing commissioning for clients with complex needs



### Big Lottery: Fulfilling Lives programme

#### Fulfilling Lives programme - will involve

- Voluntary sector commissioning the cross sector delivery partners
- > VCS and Statutory services identifying strategic agenda together
- ➤Our service offer has to be sustainable post 2022 and have brought about system change
- Service users engaged at all levels of programme delivery
- > Systems approach:
- why and what hasn't worked and what failure costs
- national funding the case for redistribution
- local commissioning buying what works
- Local delivery implications addressing exclusions in delivery systems – increasing outcomes



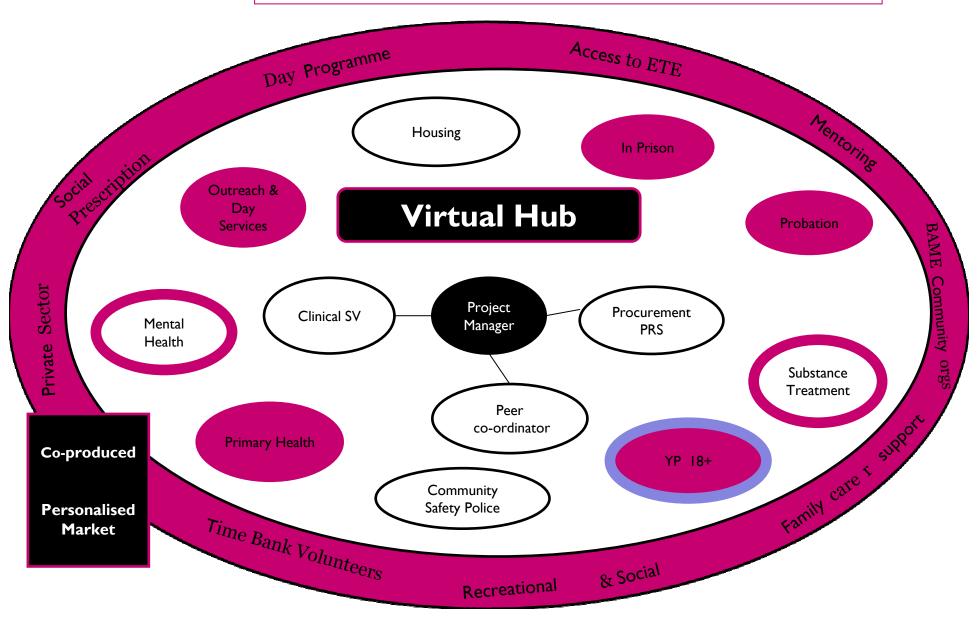
**Data Project** 

Dissemination Evaluation

**Project Board** 

**Peer Development Board** 

**Demonstration Pilots - Sub Group** 



## Fulfilling Lives programme – achieved by:

- Converting system navigation into system change
- ➤ Partners with shared vision: multi-agency/multi-disciplinary teams, partners with value added
- ➤ Built in action research testing new ways of working (mutual trust)
- ➤ Reduced duplication resources shared choice for the client, any gaps filled by self directed support.
- Resources for seeding peer lead social enterprise/mutual support.
- > Cascading our learning to wider sector and applying the model to wider client groups



## Fulfilling lives programme - our challenges

- > Service thresholds increase in recession: creating better from less
- ➤ Maturing a 'personalised' VCS market through collaboration rather than competition micro demand
- > Our success may influence what is de-commissioned
- > Welfare reform and client dispersal
- Inter agency /sector data and information sharing
- > Developing common eligibility and assessment criteria
- Translating our clients experiences into future early interventions with resources
- The savings will not be felt where the costs are incurred
- > encouraging cross departmental, cross borough and interorganisational commisioning



# What local VCSE organisations can do to improve partnership working and joined up services

- > Be outward facing despite competitive commissioning environment
- Think about own service eligibility criteria can this be widened in consultation with commissioners and new partners
- > Use charitable status to bring innovation to partnerships, maximise funders investment through joint working.
- ➤ Look at duplication of offer: work in partnership to create a wider offer or increase capacity to meet demand
- > Share resources and learning to innovate faster and adapt to a fast moving commissioning environment.
- > Share experience of negotiating conditions as a sub contractor with primes.
- Encourage service user's voice as assets as well as service recipients
- ➤ Share genuine results



# The role of national organisations in providing leadership and support for this, e.g. the MEAM national partners

- Facilitate partnerships
- > Help develop and share tested collaborative models (governance and legal frameworks)
- > Focus commissioners attention on delivery models that work and on their true cost
- > Publish, compare and unpick the results as contracts emerge
- ➤ Make the case for inter- departmental investment
- ➤ Influence pricing structures within prime contractor models
- > Support subcontractor's negotiations with primes
- > Encourage the long view long term prevention and system change



#### What commissioners need to do to enable joined up services,

- Ask service users where they attribute their outcomes and where services need to join up to make sense to the end user
- Combine funding streams and jointly commission
- Consult providers about commissioning strategies
- > Provide sufficient details of commissioning intentions in sufficient time to develop the right partnerships
- Facilitate partnerships with statutory services and recognise the cost advantage non statutory partners can bring be creative about who needs to deliver what
- > understand, consider and plan for TUPE implications
- When commissioning via primes scrutinise the pricing of subcontracted work:
- Recognise the cost of harder to achieve outcomes
- Look at where financial risk is carried and the impact of that on clients
- require a genuine partnership and evidence of the respective partners roles

